

DAILY CLARION.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1875.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Of the Democratic-Conservative Party of the State of Mississippi.

FOR STATE AT LARGE.

Gen. J. Z. George, Chairman, Jackson.
J. D. Vertner, Esq., Port Gibson.
Hon. H. M. Street, Booneville.

FOR CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st—W. H. H. Tison, Baldwyn.
A. T. Roane, Pittsboro.
2d—H. H. Chalmers, Hernando.
E. C. Walthall, Grenada.
3d—Thos. B. Sykes, Aberdeen.
John A. Binford, Duck Hill.
4th—W. A. Percy, Greenville.
J. A. P. Campbell, Canton.
5th—E. Richardson, Jackson.
U. M. Young, Vicksburg.
6th—J. B. Chrisman, Brookhaven.
Roderick Seal, Mississippi City.
Marion Smith, Jackson, Secretary.

CONSERVATIVE-DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

STATE TREASURER,

W. L. HEMINGWAY,

CF CARROLL.

FOR CONGRESS

1st District, L. Q. C. LAMAR.
3d District, H. D. MONEY.
4th District, O. R. SINGLETON.
5th District, C. E. HOOKER.
6th District, RODERICK SEAL.

HINDS COUNTY Democratic-Conservative Ticket.

State Senators,

A. R. JOHNSTON, of Hinds;
J. L. McCASKILL, of Rankin.

Representatives,

OLIVER CLIFTON, MARYE DABNEY,
GEO. W. HARPER, M. R. JONES.

Sheriff,

SAMUEL B. THOMAS.

Chancery Clerk,

W. T. RATLIFF.

Circuit Clerk,

B. F. EDWARDS.

Treasurer,

S. D. CURRIE.

Assessor,

J. B. GREAVES.

Surveyor,

H. C. DANIELS.

Coroner and Ranger,

W. H. TRIBETTE.

5th Supervisor's District.

For Supervisor,

J. F. TATUM.

For Justices of the Peace,

J. H. BOYD,

LEM. HUDSON.

OUR DAILY.

With this number our DAILY, having been issued exclusively with reference to the canvass, will be discontinued for the present. Its publication will probably be resumed when the Legislature meets. Our WEEKLY will continue to make its regular visits; and the number of the present week will contain as full returns of the election as can be obtained to the hour of going to press.

Warren County—Skies Bright.

The withdrawal of Mr. Bedford from the race for Sheriff, leaves the regular Democratic nominee, Capt. Flanagan, an open field without a competitor—the Radicals having already, like the coon to Capt. Scott, surrendered at discretion and come down. Their endorsement, however, furnishes no cause for Democratic disaffection towards Flanagan; but, on the contrary, was a confession by the enemy of the strength and invincibility of their standard-bearer. With all cause of discord removed, we shall now hope for the election of the entire ticket in Warren, from Catchings, for the Senate, down.

TO-MORROW—Vote!

CLUB meeting to-night.

VOTE the straight Democratic-Conservative ticket.

THE Hazlehurst demonstration was a grand success. Gen. Lowry made one of his grandest efforts.

The Last Card of the Defeated and Desperate Office-seekers.

False Allegations Contradicted.

The Pilot publishes a series of resolutions passed on Saturday by a Republican meeting in this city, which was engineered mainly by desperate office-seekers, to the effect that the Democrats and Conservatives had violated the peace compact, entered into with the Governor. The statements are general, vague and indefinite, without specification of facts, and utterly false, as Gov. Ames himself cannot but know, as he has been a diligent overseer of the canvass in this county, since the agreement was made. That there have been occasional individual exceptions, there is no doubt, as our columns have shown; but they are not confined to their party. The Republicans have held their meetings without disturbance in this city, Edwards, Clinton and other points; and the authors of these charges know it.

As a contradiction of the allegations contained in the resolutions of the Republican office-seekers, the following document was laid before the Governor yesterday:

JACKSON, MISS., Oct. 31, 1875.

To His Excellency, Governor Ames:

The resolutions and address adopted by a Republican meeting in this city, on yesterday, have been called to our attention by your Excellency. These papers contain charges of bad faith on the part of Democrats and Conservatives of this county, and of intimidation to Republican voters, etc.

We have to state that these charges are so general in their character, that we do not know how to meet them otherwise than by a general denial of their truth. We have no knowledge or information which could give any color to them.

If the state of general terrorism and intimidation exists as charged, it is certain there must also exist specific acts of violence and disorder, and in the absence of any proof of these, it would be unjust to give credence to the charges contained in the resolutions and address.

And in conclusion we denounce the charges contained in these papers as unfounded, and we take pleasure in assuring you that our desire is for a peaceable and fair election, and that our best efforts will be used to bring about so desirable a result, and to carrying out in good faith the promises made by the citizens to your Excellency in the peace conference held with you some weeks ago.

[Signed]

J. Z. GEORGE,
W. L. NUGENT,
E. BARKSDALE,
W. P. HARRIS,
and others.

Mississippians.

If you do your duty to-morrow which we do not for an instant doubt, your State will be redeemed. What does redeemed mean? It means:

Low State taxes.

Low county taxes.

Reduction of expenses in the Executive Department.

Reduction of expenses in the Judiciary Department.

Reduction of expenses in the Legislative Department.

Reduction of the cost of public printing, school and all other branches of the government.

The repeal of the militia law.

The repeal of the District printing law.

The repeal of the law authorizing the Governor to appoint tax collectors.

It will exact a bribery law to punish and not protect the bribed officer.

It will put an end to the strife between the races.

It will banish from our Legislative halls all measures tending to insult and exasperate our people.

It will place in office men who will consider themselves the servants and not the masters of the people.

What a glorious prospect if we, one and all, but do our duty?

Then early to the polls in the morning, and work, work, work from sunrise until the last vote is polled and counted out.

COPIAH COUNTY.

The Mighty Men of Copiah Still Alive.

Enthusiastic Grand Rally at Hazlehurst.

Three Thousand People Present.

HAZLEBURST, MISS., Oct. 30.—To The Clarion: Democratic barbed here a great success. About three thousand, and more arriving. Clubs from all parts of the county. Some ladies in the procession. A large number of colored men have Democratic badges on. Hon. Roderick Seal and Gen. Lowry are the speakers. Nine thousand pounds of meat, besides other supplies. Grand torch-light procession to-night. Three brass bands. Intense enthusiasm. Hurrah for old Copiah! B.

Sic Transit, &c.

A report having been circulated that the life of Wm. Johnson, Republican candidate for the Legislature had been threatened and imperilled at Raymond where he resides, a commission consisting of Col. Baird and Capt. Carraway, (one from each party), was selected to investigate the matter. After hearing all the testimony, and personally attending the examination of the witnesses, Mr. Johnson, himself, made the following statement:

After being present and hearing the investigation and examination of witnesses, I am fully satisfied that no harm was intended towards me by the young men who passed the colored Baptist Church on Sunday, Oct. 24th, 1875, and that I do not believe that my house was fired into by any citizen of Raymond or immediate vicinity on Wednesday night, 27th October, 1875.

[Signed.] Wm. Johnson.

Report of the Committee.

To Col. E. Richardson and Mr. J. K. Chase:

The undersigned, who were requested by you to go to Raymond and investigate the statement made by W. H. Johnson as to the condition of affairs there, as respects said Johnson personally, state: That they went to Raymond, and examined numerous witnesses, and have arrived at these conclusions:

1st. That no harm was meant or threatened to Johnson by the young men whom he saw near the colored Baptist Church, on Sunday, October 24th.

2d. That one shot was fired into Johnson's house on Wednesday night, Oct. 27th, and the report of another shot was heard in the same neighborhood.

That when this was done, we are satisfied it was generally known in Raymond that Johnson was not at home, as in fact he was out. We are also satisfied that these shots were not fired by any citizen of Raymond or the vicinity; but who actually did the firing is unknown.

3d. Mr. Carraway is satisfied that Mr. Johnson may safely remain at home in Raymond. Col. Baird is a stranger to the citizens of that place and is unable to say whether Johnson may so remain there safely or not.

We submit the testimony taken by us herewith:

[Signed]

JNO. C. CARRAWAY,
JNO. D. BAIRD.

Jackson, Nov. 1, 1875.

Holmes County.

A magnificent Democratic demonstration in Holmes on the 30th. Thousands of freemen, including several hundred colored voters, were in line.

Madison County.

The compromise, by which both parties have united in Madison, upon a ticket composed of men of both, was a good arrangement, and has met the approval of all, except a few disappointed office-seekers and their partisans. The Canton Mail, the Democratic organ, endorses it; and the Citizen speaks of it in these terms:

Below we publish the ticket agreed upon by the Executive Committees of the Republican and Democratic parties of this county. The ticket is composed of men who command the respect of the entire community, and will gratify all good citizens when elected. Though we do not believe in compromising in politics as a general thing, yet such an issue had become absolutely necessary in the present case in order to secure a fair and peaceable election, as up to the hour of the agreement much trouble was anticipated at the election. Let us, now, come forward and support the ticket selected by the representatives of both parties, and let us have a fair and orderly election, characterized by the untiring efforts to that end of all good men, Democrats and Republicans, white and black.

Club meeting to-night. Election to-morrow.

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

Grand Demonstration in Okolona.

Five Thousand People in Procession.

"Victory is Ours"

OKOLONA, Oct. 30, 1875.—To The Clarion: The grandest demonstration in Okolona to-day ever witnessed in the State. Five thousand people, white and black, in procession. Four brass bands, booming cannon, with thousands of banners all over the town. Speaking in the Court House, from Mason Temple and at Porter's corner to large and enthusiastic crowds at every place. This is the close of our grand rounds. Col. Beck has been aroused with us, and was the favorite speaker here to-day. "Victory is ours," saith the people.

J. R. MCINTOSH.

LARGE and enthusiastic meeting at Byram on Saturday.

THE Capital Club meets to-night.

Hon. Jefferson Davis.

More than the usual interest in lawsuits of a private nature, has attended the trial of the case of Davis vs. Bowmar, executor and others, for the Briarfield estate held by Hon. Jefferson Davis and occupied as his home before the war. The firm of Harris & George, of this city, are engaged as counsel for the legatees, and Hon. W. P. Harris, of that firm, in the course of his legal argument having occasion to speak of the motives which lead Mr. Davis to resign his commission in the U. S. Army in the prime of his life, gave utterance to this splendid specimen of eloquence which was taken down by our reporter as it fell from the lips of the orator:

It was no contemptible choice, between a commission in the army and planting cotton. A man so richly and splendidly endowed is always conscious of his wealth of mind and spirit. He had too great fullness of capacity and largeness of faculties for the narrow paths of professional life of any kind. He had aspirations for the higher walks of civil life. His brother, a man of scarcely less capacity, was well aware of the high qualities of mind possessed by Jefferson. He determined to give him the opportunity to try his wings. He invited him to his house, and promised to take care of his pecuniary fortunes. For ten years no one outside of the family knew anything of Jefferson Davis. It turned out that he devoted that time to the severest mental discipline, making broad, deep and deliberate preparation for a splendid career. He burst upon us, as we all know, with a dazzling blaze of light. He had already risen, full-orbed, above the horizon. Soldier, scientist, orator, statesman, all in one. I never think of the sudden bond he made on the arena, without recalling the fantastical account which the Indian chief, Pushmataha, gave of himself. Some one asked the chief to give an account of his birth, parentage and early career. He haughtily replied: "Pushmataha had no birth or parentage or early career. One day a storm gathered in the sky; the lightning struck a giant tree of the forest, rent it asunder, and Pushmataha sprang forth from the wreck a full-grown man and full warrior, as you see him now."

TURN out to the Club meeting to-night.

The Gallant Hill.

Late on Friday night, as the Hon. James Hill was returning from the Edwards House to the Magnolia House, he met, with an adventure which is so ludicrous as to deserve chronicling. Well, to come to the point, it was in this frame of mind that Mr. Hill was returning home, chewing his cud of reflection and unassuming of harm, when he was suddenly accosted by a burly fellow, who demanded, in a half-drunken manner, whether he was a Radical or a Democrat? The suddenness of the demand, for the moment, put Mr. Hill off his guard, but quickly recovering his presence of mind, he drew a "revolver," and mildly inquired what business that was to the gentleman—that he was a Radical. The ferocious midnight prowler responded with an oath, but catching sight of an ugly weapon pointing at and almost touching his breast, his ferocity suddenly subsided and he gently murmured, "why nothing, only I'm a Radical too." With this explanation, his form was soon lost in the dim vista of obscurity.—Pilot.

And so it appears that those innocent, unarmed Radicals carry pistols too. But seriously the "burly fellow" said he was a Radical, and we have a reason to doubt it, and if Hill had said he was no Democrat it is more than probable that more negro blood would have been furnished for the benefit of the Radical party. The patriotic Hill should have said he was a Democrat, and now he would have been wearing a martyr's crown, and another outrage would have been furnished.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

HALL OF TALLERONELLA LODGE, No. 169,
A. F. A. MASON, PONTOTOCO CO., MISS.,
October 16th, A. D., 1875.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His Divine Wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved Brother, JAMES TURNER ABERNATHY, by death, to the Grand Lodge above, who departed this life at his residence in Pontotoco county, on the 29th day of July A. D., 1875, after a painful and protracted illness; it remains that we who are alive should so live, and by our actions attend the coming day of fate, that we neither be surprised nor our duties imperfect, nor our sins uncancelled, nor our persons unredeemed, nor our God unappeased, but when our bodies in their turn descend to their graves, our souls may ascend to the regions of eternal light, wherein is the holy house of the heavenly temple of the Lord; and, whereas in the death of our beloved brother, his family has lost one of its most valued members, society has been deprived of one of its noblest members, our country a true patriot, and our Lodge an esteemed brother, whose loss will be deeply felt, and the family of our deceased brother found in him, while living, an affectionate and devoted husband, a kind and indulgent father.

Resolved, 1st, That we pray God to sanctify their affliction for good, so that they may all meet again in that family where God himself shall preside.

Resolved, 2d, That these preambles and resolutions be spread upon the record of our Lodge, and that the Secretary be requested to furnish a copy of the same to the family of the deceased brother.

Resolved, 3d, That in token of our bereavement, we, the members of this Lodge will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and that a copy of these preambles and resolutions be published in the WEEKLY CLARION.

GILBERT IVY,
B. M. ELLERY,
T. J. RYE,
Committee.

Death of Old Citizen in Yazoo County.

Banner.]

On the 26th, at his residence on the Yazoo river, died Dr. G. W. Woodbury, aged about 68 years. The Doctor was a native of New Hampshire, and brother of Hon. Levi Woodbury, who held many high positions in the councils of the country. The deceased had long been residing in Yazoo, and left behind, to his friends and relatives, a priceless legacy—a life of integrity and honor. He was buried in our Cemetery with Masonic honors.

The Capital Club meets to-night.

THE ORGANIZATION PERMANENT.—At a meeting of the Terry Democratic Club, the other day, it was resolved to continue the Club as a permanent organization until such time as honest colored men may be allowed to cut themselves loose from the Radical party, and vote with the true friends of the country without fear to their persons or property. The idea is a good one. The honest negroes require protection from the Radical ruffians, and they ought to have it, in every neighborhood and by a regular organization.—Hinds Co. Gazette.

HUMOR.

The weather just now is dubious, but it is not such a dubious as we would be done by.

"I have bought my first last," was the remark of a cobbler when he set up business for himself.

A whine from the East—The claret is still flowing freely in the Turkish provinces, but the Porte is very nearly exhausted.

A Maryland doctor agreed to cure a cripple by "laying on hands," and failed. Then the friends of the cripple "laid hands on" the doctor, but it will be some time before he is cured.

"Some men," said a stonesman, "become useful citizens, and others become vagabonds; just as some slabs of marble become useful doorsteps and others become lying tombstones."

New Haven, Conn., has a cat which goes into the water and catches fish, and her proprietor wants her to have a family of more of her kind. He sees a way of kitten a living without much labor.

A Kentucky paper tells how it is "down thar"—thus: "The time has now arrived when the average youth starts out of an evening to hunt coons, and stops in the first melon patch he comes to."

A foolish young man out West, in a newspaper office, desires to know why the police are not turned out in New York and the thieves put in. That is exactly what has been done.—Cincinnati Commercial (Ind.)

Danberry has the champion patient boy. He comes from a chronically-borrowing family. The other day he went to a neighbor's for a cup of sour milk. "I haven't got anything but sweet milk," said the woman, pettishly. I'll wait till it sours," said the obliging wretch, sinking into a chair.

Rules Governing Co-operative Societies.

We copy from the almanac of 1860, issued by the Rochdale Equitable Pioneer's society, the following advice to members of that and similar societies:

1st. Procure the authority and protection of the law by enrollment.

2d. Let integrity, intelligence and ability be indispensable qualifications in the choice of officers and managers, and not wealth or distinction.

3d. Let each member have only one vote and make no distinction as regards the amount of wealth any member may contribute.

4th. Let majorities rule in all matters of government.

5th. Look well after the money matters. Punish fraud, when duly established, by the immediate expulsion of the defrauder.

6th. Buy your goods, as much as possible, in the first markets; or if you have the produce of your industry to sell, contrive, if possible, to sell it in the last.

7th. Never depart from the principle of buying and selling for ready money. 8th. Beware of long reckonings. Quarterly accounts are the best, and should be adopted when practicable.

9th. For the sake of security, always have the accounted value of the fixed stock at least one-fourth less than its marketable value.

10th. Let members take care that the accounts are properly audited by men of their own choosing.

11th. Let committees of management always have the authority of members before taking any important or expensive step.

12th. Do not court opposition or publicity, nor fear it when it comes.

13th. Choose those only for your leaders whom you can trust; then give them your confidence.